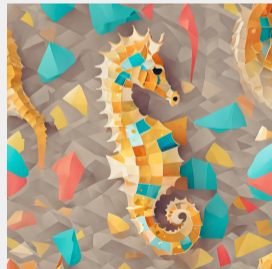


PVD903 WORKSHOP RKE2

PASCAL VAN DAM

NOVEMBER 2, 2023



INTRODUCTION DISTRO GALORE

K8S DISTRO GALORE



Study and showcase of a plethora of K8S distributions:

- Kubeadm
- RKE2
- K3S
- KoS
- Kind
- Minikube
- K3D
- MicroK8S
- Charmed K8S

K8S in the large

- Mirantis Kubernetes Engine (MKE)
- Rancher
- OpenShift + MicroShift
- VMware Tanzu

Hosted K8S services

- AKS
- EKS
- GKE
- DOKS
- Alibaba Cloud Container Service for Kubernetes
- OKE

INTRODUCTION

- Pascal van Dam, living in Nieuw Bergen (Limburg/NL)
- Owner of Poortier Management B.V / PASCALVANDAM.COM
- Trainer & Consultant Open-Source Solutions:
 - Kubernetes & Containers
 - Virtualization & Cloud
 - Go, Rust, NodeJS, C, C++, Perl
 - Cloud Automation & Orchestration
 - CI/CD Argo, Flux, Gitlab
 - Linux Kernel Internals





Pascal Van Dam

“Let us orchestrate your success!” #K8SMastery

- Introduction to RKE2 distro



AGENDA

Part I

- Introduction to RKE2
- Features
- Architecture
- Simple Installation
- Supported platforms
- Coffee break

Part II

- RKE2 Add-ons
- Customization
- High available install
- RKE2 and Security
- Airgapped install
- RKE2 FIPS and CIS
- Conclusion
- Questions and Answers
- Next on PASCALVANDAM.COM



RKE2 **RKE2 INTRODUCTION**

Facts:

- RKE2 - Rancher Kubernetes Engine 2
- Also known by RKE Government
- CNCF certified K8S distro
- Now owned and managed by SUSE



Origin

- RKE - Rancher Kubernetes Engine
- K3S - Kubernetes for Edge Computing
- Github: <https://github.com/rancher/rke2>
- As of Oct 2023 - ranking 1.1K stars
- Now owned and managed by SUSE





RKE2 **RKE2 FEATURES**

- Simplified installation
- Security included (CIS/FIPS compliant)
- Based on containerd CRI/CRE
- Server/agent architecture
- Automatic upgrades possible
- Customizable
- Support for airgapped installs
- Ad-hoc and sched ETCD snapshots



Addons included out of the box

- Ingress-nginx
- Canal CNl
- Helm controller
- Metrics server

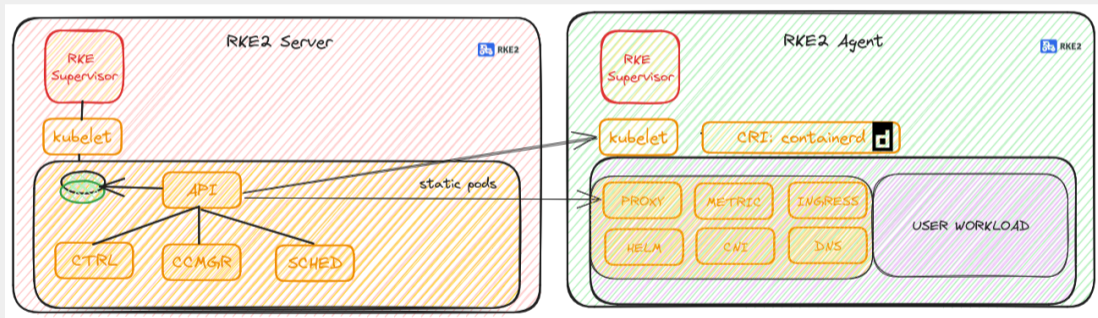
What to add?

- Kubectl
- Storage provisioner
- Optional: node exporter
- Optional: Fluentd/fluent-bit/promtail

RKE2 ARCHITECTURE

- Controlplane is composed of servers
- Workers are composed of agents
- Servers and agents are controlled by systemd
- RKE2 install binary for servers and agents is a static GO binary

RKE2 ARCHITECTURE



RKE2 SINGLE CONTROLPLANE INSTALLATION

REQUIREMENTS RKE2 CLUSTER

Pre-reqs:

- 1x Server for RKE2 server node on supported platform/OS
- 1x Server for RKE2 agent node on supported platform/OS
- Internet connection to download RKE2 binaries
- At least SUDO to root privileges for our install user

INSTALL PROCEDURE SINGLE CONTROLPLANE RKE2 CLUSTER

Steps:

1. Install and configure RKE2 binary for server
2. Take note of the join token for new agents/servers
3. Create `config.yaml` with node token for agents
4. Install and configure RKE2 binary for agents
5. Install `kubectl`
6. Validate the cluster

INSTALL PROCEDURE RKE2 SERVER

On the RKE2 server, install and start RKE2 server.

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-server-sc.sh <>
1 # Step 1: Download and install the RKE2 server binary
2
3 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo sh -
4
5 # Step 2: Enable and start rke2-server service to configure RKE2 server node
6
7 sudo systemctl enable rke2-server --now
8
9 # Step 3: Optionally verify RKE2 server logs with:
10
11 sudo journalctl -u rke2-server -lf
12
13 # Step 4: When install has finished copy kube config file
14
15 mkdir -p ~/.kube
16 sudo cp /etc/rancher/rke2/rke2.yaml ~/.kube/config
17 sudo chown ${USER}:${USER} ~/.kube/config
18
19 # Step 5: Retrieve and record the node-token for future node joins
20
21 sudo cat /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/node-token
```

RKE2 SERVER: INSTALL AND CONFIGURE KUBECTL

On the RKE2 server install and configure kubectl

```
<> code/rke2-server/install-kubectl.sh <>
1  #!/bin/sh
2
3  ARCH="$(uname -m)"
4
5  case "$ARCH" in
6    x86_64)
7      ARCH="amd64"
8      ;;
9    aarch64)
10     ARCH="arm64"
11     ;;
12  esac
13
14  curl -LO "https://dl.k8s.io/release/$(curl -L -s https://dl.k8s.io/release/stable.txt)/bin/linux/${ARCH}/kubectl"
15  sudo mv kubectl /usr/local/bin
16  sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/kubectl
17
18  kubectl get nodes
```

RKE2 SERVER: CONFIGURE AGENT CONFIG.YAML

On the RKE2 server create a file called `agent-config.yaml` with the following content:

```
code/rke2-server/agent-config-model.yaml
1 server: https://<rke2-server-hostname>:9345
2 token: <node-token>
```

The `node-token` is copied from step 5 of the RKE2 server install, e.g:

```
code/rke2-server/agent-config.yaml
1 server: https://k8sc903n01:9345
2 token: K10da6206e5e8b884c5c3e486349fdc26ceb6019297e088c276f36d83e3ed545418::server:f2e1c6a9e85c0d5e18ed977c2fa90983
```

INSTALL PROCEDURE RKE2 AGENT

On the RKE2 agent:

```
<> code/rke2-agent/rke2-agent.sh <>
1 # Download and install the RKE2 agent binary
2
3 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_TYPE="agent" sh -
4
5 # Copy the agent-config.yaml file from rke2-server to rke2-agent's /etc
6
7 sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
8 sudo cp agent-config.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
9 sudo systemctl enable rke2-agent.service --now
10
11 # Enable and start rke2-agent service to configure RKE2 agent node
12
13 sudo systemctl enable rke2-agent.service --now
14
15 # Optionally verify RKE2 agent logs with:
16
17 sudo journalctl -u rke2-agent -lf
```

You can add more rke2-agents this way, with the same token/config.yaml file.

VALIDATE RKE2 CLUSTER

On the RKE2 server node:

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-validate.sh <>
1  kubectl get nodes
2  NAME          STATUS  ROLES          AGE    VERSION
3
4  k8sc903n01    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  2d23h  v1.28.1+rke2r1
5  k8sc903n02    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  2d23h  v1.28.1+rke2r1
6  k8sc903n03    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  2d23h  v1.28.1+rke2r1
7  k8sc903n04    Ready   <none>         2d23h  v1.28.1+rke2r1
8
9  kubectl get pods -n kube-system
```

RKE2 SUPPORTED PLATFORMS

- Operating Systems
 - Linux (server- and agent nodes)
 - Windows (agent nodes only, experimental)
- CPU architectures
 - AMD64 (x86_64)
 - ARM64 (aarch64)

RKE2 ADD-ONS

- CNI Canal
- Ingress NGINX
- Metric server
- Helm Controller

- CANAL is Calico piggy backed on FLANNEL
- Workers virtually everywhere (no IPinIP req)
- Network policies from Calico available
- Automatically configured (IP Pools etc)
- Can be switched for another CNI
- Installed in kube-system namespace
- Upgraded with RKE2 upgrades

- Default installed
- Additional Cert manager can be installed (helm)
- Additional Ingress controllers can be installed
- Installed in kube-system namespace
- Upgraded with RKE2 upgrades

- Helm charts are submitted to the controller using YAML
- Values file is submitted to the controller using YAML
- Installs helm-charts using a controller
- Used to install add-ons and extras on RKE2
- Installed in kube-system namespace
- Upgraded with RKE2 upgrades
- See also next RKE2 Customization chapter

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATION

There are 3 ways to customize RKE2 installs:

- Configure install by setting ENV VARs
- Configure install using YAML config files
- Add add-ons to RKE2 using the helm-controller

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATUON USING EXECUTABLE OPTIONS

You can configure RKE2 install using ENV VARS:

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-server-cust-env.sh <>
1 # Ex1: To install a specific version of RKE2/K8S set INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION ENV VAR
2 #     This needs to be done for ALL node installs, servers AND agents!
3
4 curl -sfl https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION="v1.28.1+rke2r1" sh -
5
6 # Ex2: To install the latest version from a RKE2 channel set INSTALL_RKE2_CHANNEL
7 # #   Channels available are: stable, tesing and latest
8 #     This needs to be done for ALL node installs, servers AND agents!
9
10
11 curl -sfl https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_CHANNEL="testing" sh -
```

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATUON USING CONFIG.YAML

You can configure RKE2 install by placing a config.yaml file in /etc/rancher/rke2 directory:

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-server-custom-config.yaml <>
1 write-kubeconfig-mode: "0644"
2 tls-san:
3   - "knoobz.org"
4 node-label:
5   - "managedby=pascalvandam.com"
6 debug: true
7 system-default-registry: priv-sysreg.knoobz.org
8 private-registry: priv-reg.knoobz.org
```

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATION USING CONFIG.YAML

You can configure RKE2 install by placing a config.yaml file in `/etc/rancher/rke2` directory:

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-server-custom.sh <>
1  curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo sh -
2
3  # Create directory and copy custom config file to /etc/rancher/rke2 directory
4  # prior to starting up rke2-server or rke2-agent
5  #
6  sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
7  sudo cp rke2-server-custom-config.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
8
9  # Enabling and starting RKE2
10
11 sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
```

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATION USING HELM CONTROLLER

You can install and configure add-ons using helm-charts and the helm controller. This example will install and configure the fluent-bit daemonset in the tools namespace and forward the logs to ES instance logger:9200

```
<> code/rke2-server/fluent-bit.yaml <>
1  apiVersion: helm.cattle.io/v1
2  kind: HelmChart
3  metadata:
4    name: fluent-bit
5    namespace: kube-system
6  spec:
7    chart: fluent-bit
8    repo: https://fluent.github.io/helm-charts
9    targetNamespace: tools
10   valuesContent: |
11     backend:
12       type: es
13       es:
14         host: logger
15         port: 9200
```

RKE2 CUSTOMIZATION USING HELM CONTROLLER

Copy the CRD describing the helm-chart and providing the config to it in the proper directory:

```
code/rke2-server/install-rke2-server-helmcustom.sh
1  # Download the RKE2 binary for the RKE2 server
2
3  curl -sfl https://get.rke2.io | sudo sh -
4
5  # Create directory for the HELM charts
6  #
7  sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/manifests
8
9  # Copy the fluent-bit.yaml CRD for the Helm controller in RKE2
10
11 sudo cp fluent-bit.yaml /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/manifests
12
13 # Enable and start the RKE2 server, the controller will bootstrap the HELM
14 # charts provided in /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/manifests
15
16 sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
```



RKE2

RKE2 BACKUP AND RESTORE

Backing up RKE2

- All state is in the ETCD database
- RKE2 provides a built-in ETCD snapshotter
- Snapshots can be created ad-hoc or scheduled



BACKING UP A RKE2 CLUSTER

```
</> code/rke2-server/ad-hoc-snapshot-etcd.sh </>
1 # Making an ad-hoc snapshot of RKE2's ETCD
2 sudo /usr/local/bin/rke2 etcd-snapshot save
3 INFO[0000] Managed etcd cluster bootstrap already complete and initialized
4 INFO[0000] Applying CRD helmcharts.helm.cattle.io
5 INFO[0000] Applying CRD helmchartconfigs.helm.cattle.io
6 INFO[0000] Applying CRD addons.k3s.cattle.io
7 INFO[0000] Creating rke2-supervisor event broadcaster
8 INFO[0000] Saving etcd snapshot to /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/snapshots/on-demand-k8sc904n01-1698503438
9 INFO[0000] Reconciling etcd snapshot data in rke2-etcd-snapshots ConfigMap
10 INFO[0000] Reconciliation of snapshot data in rke2-etcd-snapshots ConfigMap complete
11
12 # Listing available ETCD snapshots
13 pascal@k8sc904n01:~$ sudo /usr/local/bin/rke2 etcd-snapshot ls
14 Name Location Size Created
15 etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-1698487203 file:///var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/snapshots/etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-
16 ↪ 1698487203 9699360 2023-10-28T12:00:03+02:00
17 on-demand-k8sc904n01-1698503438 file:///var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/snapshots/on-demand-k8sc904n01-
18 ↪ 1698503438 9699360 2023-10-28T16:30:38+02:00
19 etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-1698314403 file:///var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/snapshots/etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-
20 ↪ 1698314403 9699360 2023-10-26T12:00:03+02:00
21 etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-1698444003 file:///var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/snapshots/etcd-snapshot-k8sc904n01-
22 ↪ 1698444003 9699360 2023-10-28T00:00:04+02:00
```


SCHEDULING RKE2 ETCD SNAPSHOTS

Scheduling snapshot creation of RKE2's ETCD. Default each 12h a snapshot is created:

```
</> code/rke2-server/etcd-snapshot.yaml </>
1  tls-san:
2    - "knoobz.org"
3  node-label:
4    - "managedby=pascalvandam.com"
5  debug: true
6  etcd-snapshot-schedule-cron: "0 */4 * * *"
```

RESTORING RKE2 ETCD SNAPSHOTS

Restoring an RKE2 ETCD snapshot

```
<> code/rke2-server/restore-snapshot-etcd.sh <>
```

```
1  # Restoring an ETCD snapshot for RKE2 on existing NODEs
2
3  # Step 1: Stop RKE2 server on ALL server nodes
4  sudo systemctl stop rke2-server
5
6  # Step 2: On 'first' server node, restore ETCD snapshot
7  sudo rke2 server \
8  --cluster-reset \
9  --cluster-reset-restore-path=<PATH-TO-SNAPSHOT>
10
11 sudo systemctl start rke2-server
12 # On the OTHER server nodes prior to (re)starting rke2-server remove
13 # the ETCD data in /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db
14
15 sudo rm -f /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/db/*
16 # Restarting the rke2-server service will start replication of the ETCD database
17 # from the 'FIRST' server.
18
19 sudo systemctl start rke2-server
```

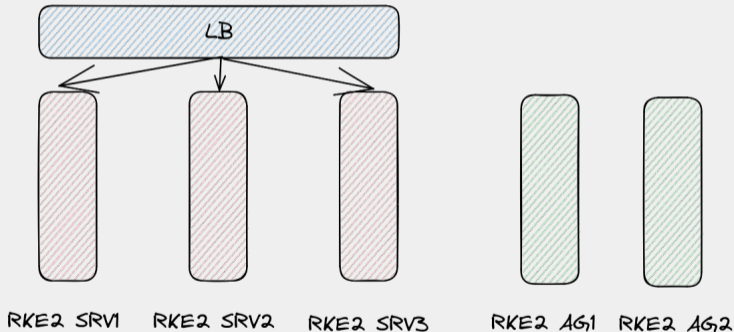
HIGH AVAILABLE CONTROLPLANE INSTALLATION

- Multiple RKE2-server nodes (min. 3)
- Single K8SAPI (port 6443) EndPoint using LB
- Single RKE2 CAPI (port 9345) EndPoint using LB
- Requirement: Hard or Software LoadBalancer
- Software LB: HAPROXY, NGINX, KUBEVIP

HIGH AVAILABLE CONTROLPLANE

KUBEAPI VIP: 10.8.54.54:6443

RKE2CAPI VIP: 10.8.54.54:9543



1. Install and configure LB (HAPROXY)
2. Install and configure first RKE2 server
3. Install and configure second RKE2 server
4. Install and configure third RKE2 server
5. Install and configure any RKE2 agents

HAPROXY CONFIG EXAMPLE

HAPROXY config example front-ends:

```
</> code/rke2-server/haproxy.cfg </>
1 # K8S/RKE2 Master frontends
2 frontend k8s-api
3     bind 0.0.0.0:6443
4     mode tcp
5     default_backend rke2-servers-6443
6
7 frontend rancher-ui-api
8     bind 0.0.0.0:9345
9     mode tcp
10    default_backend rke2-servers-9345
```

HAPROXY CONFIG EXAMPLE

HAPROXY config example back-ends:

```
</> code/rke2-server/haproxy.cfg </>
12 # K8S/RKE2 Master backends
13 backend rke2-servers-6443
14     mode tcp
15     balance roundrobin
16     option ssl-hello-chk
17     server k3sc903n01 10.8.59.95:6443 check
18     server k8sc903n02 10.8.59.140:6443 check
19     server k8sc903n03 10.8.59.190:6443 check
20
21 backend rke2-servers-9345
22     mode tcp
23     balance roundrobin
24     option ssl-hello-chk
25     server k3sc903n01 10.8.59.95:9345 check
26     server k8sc903n02 10.8.59.140:9345 check
27     server k8sc903n03 10.8.59.190:9345 check
```


CREATE CONFIG FILE FOR HA CONTROLPLANE INSTALL

Create a file called `rke2-server-ha-config.yaml` with the following content:

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-server-config-ha.yaml <>
1  tls-san:
2    - pascalvandam.com
3    - k8sc9031b01
4  node-taint:
5    - "CriticalAddonsOnly=true:NoExecute"
```

INSTALL FIRST RKE2 SERVER OF HA CONTROLPLANE

```
<> code/rke2-server/rke2-ha-install.sh <>
1 # Download and install RKE2 server
2 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION=v1.28.1+rke2r1 sh -
3
4 # Copy the configured
5
6 sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
7 sudo cp rke2-server-config-ha.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
8
9 sudo mkdir -p /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/manifests
10 sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
11 mkdir -p ~/.kube
12 sudo cp /etc/rancher/rke2/rke2.yaml ~/.kube/config
13 sudo chown ${USER}:${USER} ~/.kube/config
14 echo "Servers and Agents can be joined with node-token: \c"
15 sudo cat /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/node-token
16 echo
```

PREPARING FOR ADDITIONAL RKE2-SERVER NODES

To enable the other rke2-server nodes to join the leader we need to craft a special rke2-join-server-config-ha.yaml

This file needs to be copied to the other rke2-servers prior to install of rke2-server software.

</> code/rke2-server/rke2-join-server-config-ha.yaml </>

```
1 server: https://k8sc9031b01:9345
2 token: K1066bf857b5cb1b9a40d111ace22fac1177a4bdc19e6424c2a678e0b4273fb8cf5::server:ff544d6ba9b39ac62a817199d4249e39
3 tls-san:
4   - pascalvandam.com
5   - k8sc9031b01
6 node-taint:
7   - "CriticalAddonsOnly=true:NoExecute"
```

HAVE 2ND RKE2-SERVER JOIN HA CONTROLPLANE

To have the 2nd rke2-server node join the HA controlplane execute:

```
<> code/rke2-server/join-rke2-server-ha.sh <>
1  curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION=v1.28.1+rke2r1 sh -
2
3  # Copy the HA config.yaml file from the first master
4  sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
5  sudo cp rke2-join-server-config-ha.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
6  sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
7
8  # Copy the kubeconf file for kubectl
9  mkdir -p ~/.kube
10 sudo cp /etc/rancher/rke2/rke2.yaml ~/.kube/config
11 sudo chown ${USER}:${USER} ~/.kube/config
```

HAVE 3RD RKE2-SERVER NODE JOIN THE HA CONTROLPLANE

Repeat for the 3rd rke2-server node:

```
<> code/rke2-server/join-rke2-server-ha.sh <>
1  curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION=v1.28.1+rke2r1 sh -
2
3  # Copy the HA config.yaml file from the first master
4  sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
5  sudo cp rke2-join-server-config-ha.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
6  sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
7
8  # Copy the kubeconf file for kubectl
9  mkdir -p ~/.kube
10 sudo cp /etc/rancher/rke2/rke2.yaml ~/.kube/config
11 sudo chown ${USER}:${USER} ~/.kube/config
```

VERIFY IF ALL 3 RKE2-SERVERS ONLINE AND READY

On the first rke2-server node:

```
</> code/rke2-server/kubectl-ha.out </>
1 kubectl get nodes
2
3 NAME          STATUS    ROLES          AGE      VERSION
4 k8sc903n01    Ready    control-plane,etcd,master 16m12s  v1.28.1+rke2r1
5 k8sc903n02    Ready    control-plane,etcd,master 11m53s  v1.28.1+rke2r1
6 k8sc903n03    Ready    control-plane,etcd,master 4m8s    v1.28.1+rke2r1
```

ADDING ANY RKE2-AGENT NODES TO THE HA CONTROLPLANE

On the RKE2 server create a file called `agent-config.yaml` with the following content:

```
</> code/rke2-server/agent-config-model-ha.yaml </>
1 server: https://<rke2-lb>:9345
2 token: <node-token>
3 tls-san:
4   - <<rke2-lb>>
```

The `node-token` is copied from step 5 of the RKE2 server install, e.g:

```
</> code/rke2-server/agent-config-ha.yaml </>
1 server: https://k8sc9031b01:9345
2 token: K1066bf857b5cb1b9a40d111ace22fac1177a4bdc19e6424c2a678e0b4273fb8cf5::server:ff544d6ba9b39ac62a817199d4249e39
3 tls-san:
4   - pascalvandam.com
5   - k8sc9031b01
```

INSTALL PROCEDURE RKE2 AGENT

On the RKE2 agent:

```
<> code/rke2-agent/rke2-agent-ha.sh <>
1 # Download and install the RKE2 agent binary
2
3 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | sudo INSTALL_RKE2_TYPE="agent" INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION=v1.28.1+rke2r1 sh -
4
5 # Copy the agent-config.yaml file from rke2-server to rke2-agent's /etc
6
7 sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
8 sudo cp agent-config.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
9 sudo systemctl enable rke2-agent.service --now
10
11 # Enable and start rke2-agent service to configure RKE2 agent node
12
13 sudo systemctl enable rke2-agent.service --now
14
15 # Optionally verify RKE2 agent logs with:
16
17 sudo journalctl -u rke2-agent -lf
```

You can add more rke2-agents this way, with the same token/config.yaml file.

VALIDATE RKE2 CLUSTER

On the RKE2 server node:

```
<> code/rke2-server/kubectl-ha-all.out <>
1  kubectl get nodes
2
3  NAME          STATUS  ROLES          AGE    VERSION
4  k8sc903n01    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  24m12s v1.28.1+rke2r1
5  k8sc903n02    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  19m53s v1.28.1+rke2r1
6  k8sc903n03    Ready   control-plane,etcd,master  12m8s  v1.28.1+rke2r1
7  k8sc903n04    Ready   <none>         3m41s  v1.28.1+rke2r1
8  k8sc903n05    Ready   <none>         2m5s   v1.28.2+rke2r1
9
10 kubectl get pods -n kube-system
```

RKE2 SECURITY

- Provides out of the box near CIS-1.23 K8S compliancy
- Based on immutable infrastructure
- K8S components run in containers
- Deploy using full CIS-1.23 compliancy possible
- FIPS 140-2 Enablement (with Canal as CNI)
- Support for airgapped install
- Support for install behind PROXY

RKE2 AIRGAPPED INSTALL

Airgapped installs means install without any internet access (NO PROXY)

Pre-requisites:

- Pre-download specific tarball with RKE2 container images
- Or Private registry with RKE2 images of RKE2 release to be deployed
- Install binaries for RKE

INSTALL RKE2 SERVER IN AN AIRGAPPED ENVIRONMENT USING TARBALL

```
<> code/rke2-server/airgap-tarball.sh <>
1 # Create directory for rke2 artefacts
2
3 mkdir /root/rke2-artifacts && cd /root/rke2-artifacts/
4
5 # Download images and RKE2 install binary
6
7 curl -Ols https://github.com/rancher/rke2/releases/download/v1.28.1%2Brke2r1/rke2-images.linux-amd64.tar.zst
8 curl -Ols https://github.com/rancher/rke2/releases/download/v1.28.1%2Brke2r1/rke2.linux-amd64.tar.gz
9 curl -Ols https://github.com/rancher/rke2/releases/download/v1.28.1%2Brke2r1/sha256sum-amd64.txt
10 curl -sfl https://get.rke2.io --output install.sh
11
12 # Start the installer
13
14 INSTALL_RKE2_ARTIFACT_PATH=/root/rke2-artifacts sh install.sh
15
16 systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
```

PREPARATION RKE2 SERVER IN AN AIRGAPPED ENVIRONMENT USING PRIV-REG

- Deploy a private registry (Harbor, registry v2 etc)
- Copy relevant RKE2 images to it (Tip: Skopeo)
- Create registries.yaml file

```
</> code/rke2-server/registries.yaml </>
1 mirrors:
2   docker.io:
3     endpoint:
4       - "https://privreg-n01.spikweien08.nest"
5 configs:
6   "privreg-n01.spikweien08.nest":
7     auth:
8       username: student01 # this is the registry username
9       password: Welkom01 # this is the registry password
10      #tls:
11      #insecure_skip_verify:
```

INSTALL RKE2 SERVER(S) IN AN AIRGAPPED ENVIRONMENT USING PRIV-REG

Install RKE2 server in airgapped environment:

```
</> code/rke2-server/install-rke2-server-airgapped </>
1  HTTPS_PROXY=http://k8sc9031b01.spikweien08.nest:3128 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | \
2     sudo HTTPS_PROXY=http://k8sc9031b01.spikweien08.nest:3128 INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION="v1.28.1+rke2r1" \
3     sh -s -- --system-default-registry privreg-n01.spikweien08.nest
4
5  sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
6  sudo cp registries.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2
7
8  sudo systemctl enable rke2-server.service --now
9  mkdir -p ~/.kube
10 sudo cp /etc/rancher/rke2/rke2.yaml ~/.kube/config
11 sudo chown ${USER}:${USER} ~/.kube/config
12 echo "Agents can be joined with node-token:"
13 sudo cat /var/lib/rancher/rke2/server/node-token
14 echo
```


INSTALL RKE2 AGENT IN AN AIRGAPPED ENVIRONMENT USING PRIV-REG

Install RKE2 agent(s) in airgapped environment:

```
<> code/rke2-server/install-rke2-agent-airgapped <>
1  HTTPS_PROXY=http://k8sc9031b01.spikweien08.nest:3128 curl -sL https://get.rke2.io | \
2     sudo HTTPS_PROXY=http://k8sc9031b01.spikweien08.nest:3128 INSTALL_RKE2_VERSION="v1.28.1+rke2r1" INSTALL_RKE2_TYPE="agent" \
3     sh -s -- --system-default-registry privreg-n01.spikweien08.nest
4
5  sudo mkdir -p /etc/rancher/rke2
6  sudo cp registries.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2
7  sudo cp rke2-join-agent-config.yaml /etc/rancher/rke2/config.yaml
8  sudo systemctl user.max_inotify_instances=1024
9  sudo systemctl enable rke2-agent.service --now
```

RKE2 FIPS AND CIS

Pre-requisites for CIS-1.23 installation:

- Host level setup:
 - Create etcd:etcd user group
 - Set hardened Kernel parameters
- RKE2 setup
 - profile: "cis-1.23"
 - Post deploy configuration

Host level setup:

<> code/rke2-server/install-rke2-hardened-host <>

```
1 # To create the etcd:etcd user
2
3 sudo useradd -r -c "etcd user" -s /sbin/nologin -M etcd -U
4
5 # On TARBALL installed hosts:
6
7 sudo cp -f /usr/local/share/rke2/rke2-cis-sysctl.conf /etc/sysctl.d/60-rke2-cis.conf
8 sudo systemctl restart systemd-sysctl
```

HOST LEVEL SETUP

This config.yaml needs to be copied/adapted prior to rke2-server and rke2-agent install:

```
<> code/rke2-server/config-hardened.yaml <>
1 write-kubeconfig-mode: "0644"
2 profile: "cis-1.23"
3 tls-san:
4   - "knoobz.org"
5 node-label:
6   - "managedby=pascalvandam.com"
7 system-default-registry: priv-sysreg.knoobz.org
8 private-registry: priv-reg.knoobz.org
```

Post deploy hardening: POD SECURITY POLICY

- Restricted policy for namespaces: kube-system and cis-operator-system
- For additionally created NS: operator must intervene

Post deploy hardening: DEFAULT NETWORK SECURITY POLICY

- Default Network Security Policy: only intra namespace network conn. allowed
- Installed in NS: kube-system, kube-public, kube-node-lease, and default
- For additionally created NS: operator must act

Post deploy hardening: Default Service Account

- Set `automountServiceAccountToken` to `false` for default service accounts
- Out of the box realized for namespaces: `kube-system` and `default`
- Operator must act for additionally created namespaces

Post deploy hardening: API Server audit configuration

- By default API loggins is enabled but configured with level: None
- Adapt `/etc/rancher/rke2/audit-policy.yaml` and restart `rke2-server(s)`



RKE2 **UPGRADING RKE2**

Two different methods:

- By upgrading the server or agent 'packages'
- By using the Rancher Upgrade Controller



UPGRADING RKE2 SERVER AND AGENT PACKAGES

- Upgrade using YUM/DNF/ZYPPER on RPM based systems
- Upgrade using curl/yar on other systems
- First upgrade servers
- Then upgrade agents

UPGRADING RKE2 USING RANCHER UPGRADE CONTROLLER

- Install the Rancher Upgrade Controller
- Write plans for upgrading server and agent nodes
- Enable upgrades to nodes by setting proper labels on nodes
- `kubectl label nodes <node-name-1> <node-name-2> ... rke.cattle.io/upgrade="true"`
- Watch the upgrade progress

CONCLUSIONS AND RESUME

Resume: the Good

- Production ready
- Easy setup
- Rel. easy hardening
- Very customizable
- Hardened by default
- FIPS and CIS compliancy possible
- Install in Airgapped environment
- Support for ARM64/AARCH64 arch
- Integratable with Rancher 2

Resume: the Bad

- Documentation lacks accuracy
- No RISCV64 support (but no ones has)

QUESTION AND ANSWERS

- Questions?
- Vragen?
- Preguntas?
- Fragen?



COMING NEXT ON PASCALVANDAM.COM

Next to be planned, watch our website!

- K3S
- KoS
- Programming in the large with Go

